

Timeline / 400 to 2000 / ALGERIA

Date	Country Description
500 A.D.	Algeria Vandal occupation and the Berber kingdom of the Djeddars.
533 A.D.	Algeria Byzantine conquest of Central Maghreb.
682 A.D.	Algeria Having conquered all of North Africa and established Arab rule, 'Uqba (Okba) ibn Nafi is killed. His mausoleum and mosque are erected near Biskra at Sidi Okba.
701 A.D.	Algeria Death of the Berber resistance fighter Kahina.
761 A.D.	Algeria Tahert founded by the Rustamids.
771 A.D.	Algeria Victory of the Kharijites at Tobna.
776 A.D.	Algeria Sijilmasa taken by the Rustamids. A century of peace follows in Central Maghreb under the rule of the Kharijites.
893 A.D.	Algeria 'Abdallah the Shi'ite reaches the Kutama tribe.
904 A.D.	Algeria Foundation of Oran.
911 A.D.	Algeria The Kharijites leave Tahert and take refuge at Sedrata.
925 A.D.	Algeria Msila founded by the Fatimids.
936 A.D.	Algeria Achir founded by Ziri ibn Manad.

Date	Country Description
946 A.D.	Algeria End of the rebellion of Kharijite Abu Yazid ('the Man of the Donkey') against the Fatimids.
960 A.D.	Algeria Algiers founded by Buluggin ibn Ziri.
1007 A.D.	Algeria Hammad ibn Buluggin ibn Ziri founds the Qal'at Bani Hammad. His mosque and palaces were to inspire the architects of the Giralda in Seville and the Cuba in Palermo.
1042 A.D.	Algeria The Hammadids and the Zirids reach an agreement to share Central Maghreb.
1050 A.D.	Algeria Foundation of the Kharijite cities of Mزاب and start of the Hilalian invasions.
1055 A.D.	Algeria Sijilmasa taken by the Almoravids.
1068 A.D.	Algeria The town of Béjaia founded by the Hammadid prince al-Nasir. Bab al-Bunud (Gateway of the Standards) and Bab al-Bahr (Gateway of the Sea) erected.
1069 A.D.	Algeria The town of Sedrata destroyed. Kharijite exodus to Mزاب.
1082 A.D.	Algeria Foundation of the town of Taghrart on the site of modern-day Tlemcen.
1097 A.D.	Algeria Great Mosque of Algiers built. Yusuf ibn Tashufin, having conquered Spain and Central Maghreb, promotes the emergence of Afro-Andalusian Moorish art: stalactite domes, poly-lobed arches and mosque orientation.
1104 A.D.	Algeria Badis, son of al-Mansur, leaves Qalaa for the last time and goes to Béjaia.
1117 A.D.	Algeria

Date	Country Description
	Meeting at Mellalah (Béjaia) between the mahdi Ibn Tumart and 'Abd al-Mu'min, founders of the Almohad dynasty.
1131 A.D.	Algeria 'Abd al-Mu'min restores Tlemcen.
1136 A.D.	Algeria Construction of the Great Mosques of Constantine and Tlemcen.
1145 A.D.	Algeria Decisive encounter between the armies of 'Abd al-Mu'min and Tashufin ibn Ali near Oran. Death throes of the Almoravid dynasty.
1148 A.D.	Algeria Hammadid coinage minted in Béjaia.
1152 A.D.	Algeria Hammadid kingdom conquered by the Almohads.
1153 A.D.	Algeria Decisive victory of the Almohads over the nomads at Sétif. Widespread use of Almohad coinage as the industry and commerce of war flourishes. Political unity and religious dogmatism. The apogee of Almohad rule.
1184 A.D.	Algeria The decline of the Almohads is deepened by the victory of the Sanhadja tribe from Bani Ghania at Béjaia.
1233 - 1235 A.D.	Algeria The Hafsids take several town in Central Maghreb: Constantine (1233) and Béjaia (1235).
1236 A.D.	Algeria Birth of the 'Abd al-Wadid Dynasty in Tlemcen and the long reign of Abu Yahya I ibn Zayyan, making Tlemcen an important commercial, cultural and spiritual centre in Central Maghreb.
1296 A.D.	Algeria Construction of the Sidi Bel Hassan Mosque in Tlemcen.
1307 A.D.	Algeria

Date	Country Description
	The Marinid sultan Abu Ya'qub lays siege to Tlemcen for seven years.
1308 - 1318 A.D.	Algeria <p>During the reign of Abu Hammu Musa I, the Tachfiniya madrasa is built in Tlemcen, the town is fortified and the kingdom is expanded to Constantine and Béjaia.</p>
1337 A.D.	Algeria <p>The Marinids annex the Kingdom of Tlemcen, and renovate Mansurah and the Sidi Boumediene mausoleum.</p>
1353 A.D.	Algeria <p>The Marinid sultan Abu Inan extends his authority over Constantine, Béjaia and Tunis.</p>
1365 A.D.	Algeria <p>Ibn Khaldun teaches at Béjaia.</p>
1390 - 1400 A.D.	Algeria <p>Frequent incursions by Portuguese, French, Spanish and Italian fleets in the ports of Central Maghreb: Honain, Oran, Algiers and Béjaia.</p>
1394 A.D.	Algeria <p>Construction of the El-Eubad mosque.</p>
1406 A.D.	Algeria <p>Death of the historian Ibn Khaldun.</p>
1470 - 1471 A.D.	Algeria <p>Consecration of the worship of the patron saint of Algiers Alger 'Abd al-Rahman al-Thaalibi.</p>
1492 A.D.	Algeria <p>King Boabdil, the last Nasrid king, takes refuge in Oran then Tlemcen.</p>
1505 - 1510 A.D.	Algeria <p>Spanish presence in the coastal towns of Mers el-Kébir (1505), Oran (1509), Algiers (1510) and Béjaia (1510).</p>
1514 A.D.	Algeria <p>Arudj defends the town of Jijel.</p>

Date	Country Description
1516 A.D.	Algeria The Spanish built the fortress at Gibraltar after a failed attempt to take Algiers.
1518 A.D.	Algeria The Regency of Algiers founded by Khaïr-Eddine. Algiers becomes the first vassal town of the Ottoman Empire in Central Maghreb.
1535 A.D.	Algeria The town of Blida founded by emigrants from Andalusia.
1541 A.D.	Algeria Charles V stops at Algiers, bringing the town great international prestige.
1567 A.D.	Algeria Establishment of the Beylik of Constantine.
1627 A.D.	Algeria Construction of the Sidi Abdarrahan mausoleum to house his tomb and the necropolis that formed around it.
1660 A.D.	Algeria Construction of the Djama'a al-Djedid mosque in Algiers, the first Hanafite mosque, inspired by Byzantine architecture.
1721 A.D.	Algeria Numerous forts established to hold Kabylie (Dellys, Azzefoun, Béjaia).
1771 - 1792 A.D.	Algeria Beylik of Salah Bey at Constantine. Renovation of the town and construction of el-Kantara bridge.
1790 A.D.	Algeria Following the Oran earthquake, the Spanish restore the ruined town, which becomes the capital of the beylik of Western Algeria.
1794 A.D.	Algeria Hassan Pasha builds the Ketchaoua mosque.
1796 A.D.	Algeria

Date	Country Description
	Revolts in Kabylie.
1824 A.D.	Algeria
	The English bombard Algiers.
1830 A.D.	Algeria
	French expedition and start of the colonisation of Algeria.