The Mamluks | The Sultan and his Court

'The Sultan's authority was expressed in ceremonials and magnificent courtly surroundings.'

The Mamluk sultan also acted as commander-in-chief of his armies and was a major player in the realm of international diplomacy. The sultan's authority and glory was expressed in elaborate ceremonials, magnificent courtly surroundings and privileged pastimes, such as falconry and hunting.



Name:

Basin

Dynasty:

About hegira 692-743 / AD 1293-1341 Mamluk

Details:

The British Museum

London, England, United Kingdom

Justification:

The splendour of the Mamluk sultan was evident in the luxurious objects that surrounded him at court, such as this richly decorated basin for washing.



Name:

Perfume sprinkler

Dvnastv:

Hegira 698-708 / AD 1299-1309 or AH 709-741 / AD 1309-40 Mamluk

Details:

Museum of Islamic Art

Cairo, Egypt

Justification:

Luxurious sprinklers like this served the sultan's personal hygiene.



Name:

Kettledrum

Dynasty:

Hegira first half of 8th century / AD first half of 14th century Mamluk

Details:

Royal Armoury

Stockholm, Sweden

Justification:

Mamluk sultans enjoyed falconry for leisure and to display their superior hunting skills.



Name:

Bottle with polo-playing riders

Dynasty:

Around hegira 700 / AD 1300 Mamluk

Details:

Museum of Islamic Art at the Pergamon Museum

Berlin, Germany

Justification:Polo (jawkan) was a popular pastime among Mamluk sultans, combining military exercise and sport.